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Boroditsky 2000-0578A

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IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Previously Presented) A system for providing high connectivity communications over a composite packet-switched optical ring network that includes a plurality of nodes, with at least one of the nodes comprising:

an optical crossbar switch connected to said packet-switched optical ring network; a rapidly tunable laser for serially generating a plurality of packets, each packet being generated at a different wavelength; and

a stacker for stacking said plurality of serially generated packets to form a composite packet, which stacker is interposed between the tunable laser and the crossbar switch, through which the composite packet is injected into the network.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 1, wherein said wavelength stacker further comprises:
 - a pair of optical circulators; and
- a plurality of fiber Bragg gratings (FBGs) connected to and sandwiched between said plurality of optical circulators, wherein said plurality of FBGs are serially interconnected in a manner that imparts a preset signal flow delay between adjacent FBGs, and the serial interconnection interposed between said pair of optical circulators.
- (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein said stacker also operates
 as an unstacker to recover and re-serialize said plurality of packets from said composite
 packet.
- 4. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein said optical crossbar switch facilitates a composite packet in a photonic time slot that is being propagated on said packet-switched optical ring network being dropped from said packet-switched optical ring network at a destination node.
- 5. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein said optical crossbar switch facilitates said composite packet formed by said stacker being assigned a photonic time slot and added to said packet-switched optical ring network.

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- 6. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein said optical crossbar switch is wavelength independent.
- 7. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein said packet-switched optical ring network is a point-to-point network.
- 8. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein said optical crossbar switch facilitates a composite packet in a photonic time slot bypassing a given node depending on a position of said optical switch.
- 9. (Original) The system according to claim 4, wherein said dropped composite packet in said photonic time slot is further distributed to a plurality of user sites connected to said destination node by using Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM) techniques according to said constituent wavelengths of said composite packet.
- 10. (Original) The system according to claim 4, wherein said dropped composite packet in said photonic time slot is further detected in parallel.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 3, wherein said FBGs within said stacker, operating also as said unstacker, are connected to permit reinsertion of a wavelength not matching a wavelength of any of said FBGs into said optical ring network thereby causing said wavelength to bypass the node transparently.
 - 12. (Cancel)
 - 13. (Cancel)
- 14. (Previously Presented) A system for providing high connectivity communications over a composite packet-switched optical ring network that includes

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links and nodes interposed that interconnect said links, with at least one of the nodes comprising:

an optical crossbar switch having at least a first input directly connected to an incoming link of said network, a second input, a first output that is directly connected to an outgoing link of said network, and a second output;

a rapidly tunable laser for serially generating a plurality of packets, each packet being generated at a different wavelength; and

a stacker, interposed between said laser and said second input of said crossbar switch, for stacking said plurality of serially generated packets to form a composite packet that is applied to said second input.